Lab Assignment

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| 1 | Q1: K-Fold Cross Validation for Multiple Linear Regression (Least Square Error Fit) Download the dataset regarding USA House Price Prediction from the following link:  <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1O_NwpJT-8xGfU_-3llUl2sgPu0xllOrX/view?usp=sharing> Load the dataset and Implement 5- fold cross validation for multiple linear regression (using least square error fit).  Steps:   1. Divide the dataset into input features (all columns except price) and output variable (price) 2. Scale the values of input features. 3. Divide input and output features into five folds. 4. Run five iterations, in each iteration consider one-fold as test set and remaining four sets as training set. Find the beta (𝛽) matrix, predicted values, and R2\_score for each iteration using least square error fit. 5. Use the best value of (𝛽) matrix (for which R2\_score is maximum), to train the regressor for 70% of data and test the performance for remaining 30% data. |
| 2 | Concept of Validation set for Multiple Linear Regression (Gradient Descent  Optimization)  Consider the same dataset of Q1, rather than dividing the dataset into five folds, divide the dataset into training set (56%), validation set (14%), and test set (30%).  Consider four different values of learning rate i.e. {0.001,0.01,0.1,1}. Compute the values of  regression coefficients for each value of learning rate after 1000 iterations.  For each set of regression coefficients, compute R2\_score for validation and test set and find the best value of regression coefficients. |
| 3 | Pre-processing and Multiple Linear Regression  Download the dataset regarding Car Price Prediction from the following link: <https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/autos/imports-85.data>   1. Load the dataset with following column names ["symboling", "normalized\_losses", "make", "fuel\_type", "aspiration","num\_doors", "body\_style", "drive\_wheels", "engine\_location", "wheel\_base", "length", "width", "height", "curb\_weight", "engine\_type", "num\_cylinders", "engine\_size", "fuel\_system", "bore", "stroke", "compression\_ratio", "horsepower", "peak\_rpm", "city\_mpg", "highway\_mpg", "price"] and replace all ? values with NaN 2. Replace all NaN values with central tendency imputation. Drop the rows with NaN values in price column 3. There are 10 columns in the dataset with non-numeric values. Convert these values to numeric values using following scheme: 4. For “num\_doors” and “num\_cylinders”: convert words (number names) to figures for e.g., two to 2 5. For "body\_style", "drive\_wheels": use dummy encoding scheme 6. For “make”, “aspiration”, “engine\_location”,fuel\_type: use label encoding scheme 7. For fuel\_system: replace values containing string pfi to 1 else all values to 0. 8. For engine\_type: replace values containing string ohc to 1 else all values to 0. 9. Divide the dataset into input features (all columns except price) and output variable (price). Scale all input features. 10. Train a linear regressor on 70% of data (using inbuilt linear regression function of Python) and test its performance on remaining 30% of data. 11. Reduce the dimensionality of the feature set using inbuilt PCA decomposition and then again train a linear regressor on 70% of reduced data (using inbuilt linear regression   function of Python). Does it lead to any performance improvement on test set? |